Do You See What I See? Helping Young Children with Cortical Visual Impairment in Natural **Environments**

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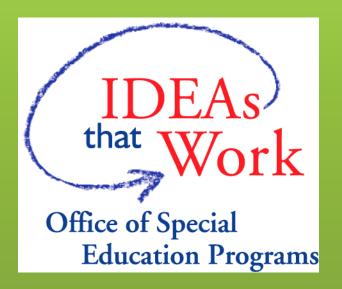
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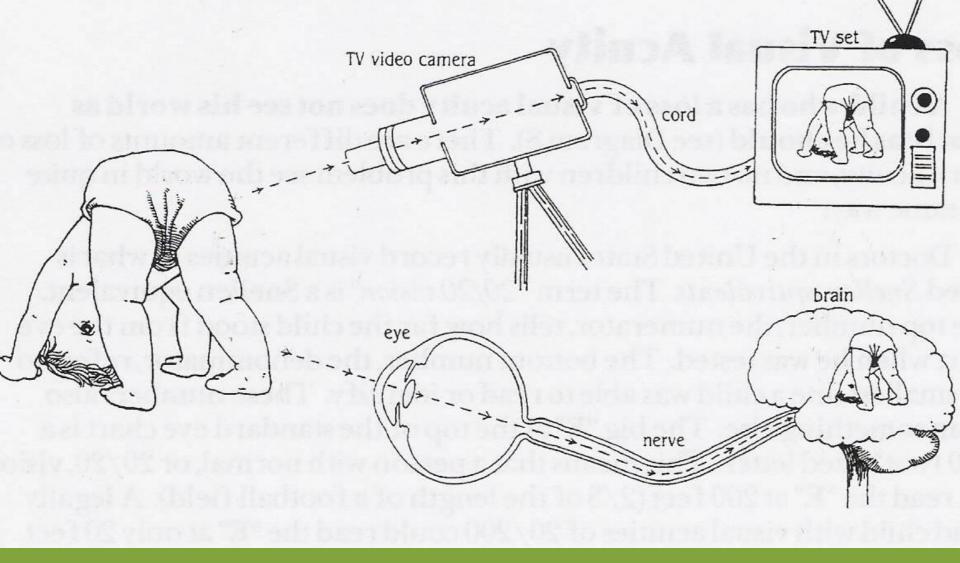


What will we do together?

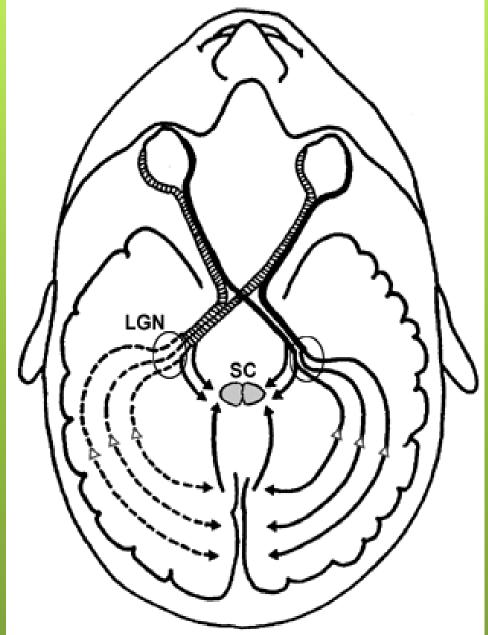
- Share information about the challenges caused by cortical visual impairment in early learning environments
- Share accommodations for cortical visual impairment

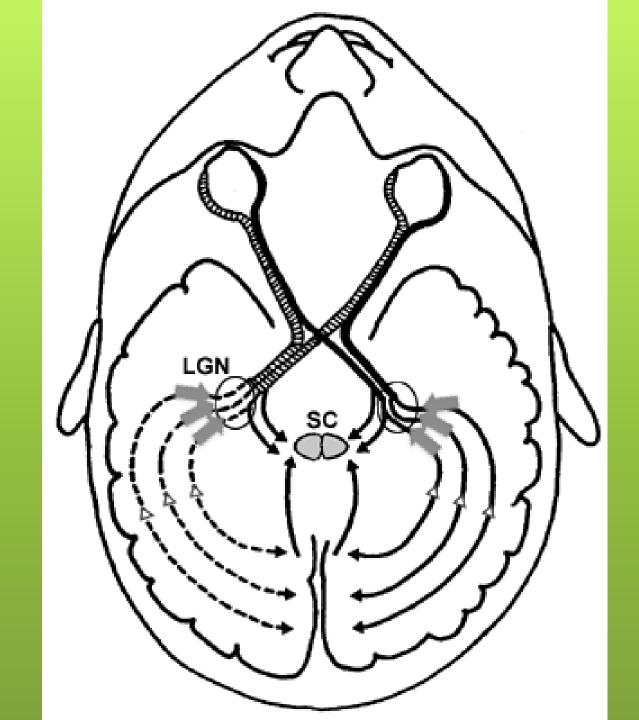
 Discuss incorporating accommodations into routines and a variety of environments What is Cortical Visual Impairment (aka CVI)? **o**Brain based visual impairment which occurs before, at, or shortly after birth •Can occur along with ocular visual conditions •Fastest growing reason for visual impairment among young children

The Visual System



VISUAL PATHWAYS





Common Causes of CVI before birth

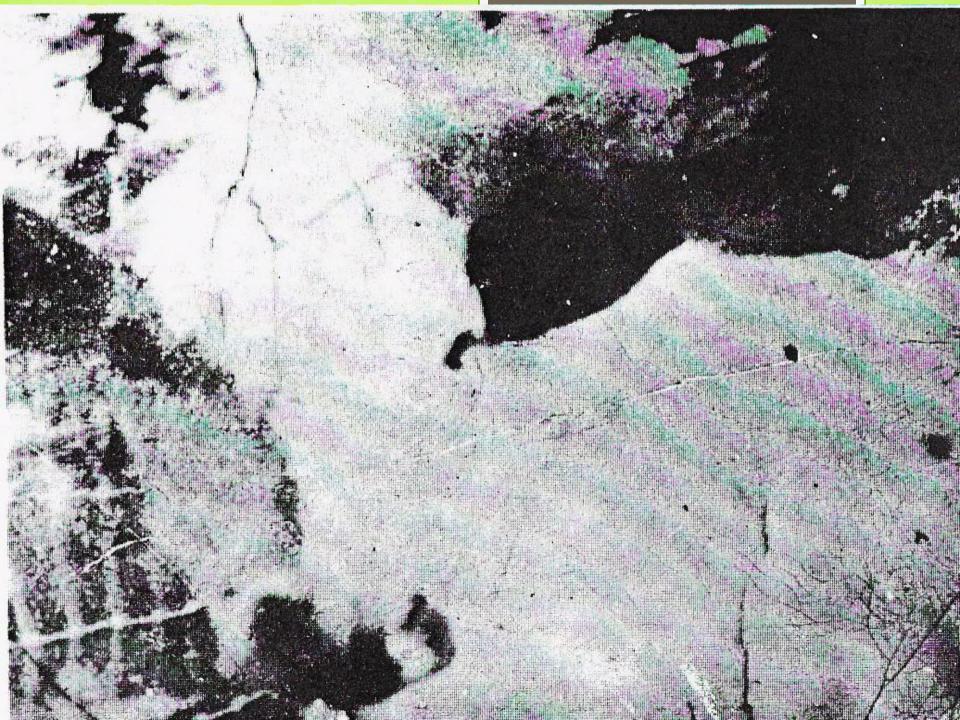
Anything that might impact the structure and functioning of the brain, Including:

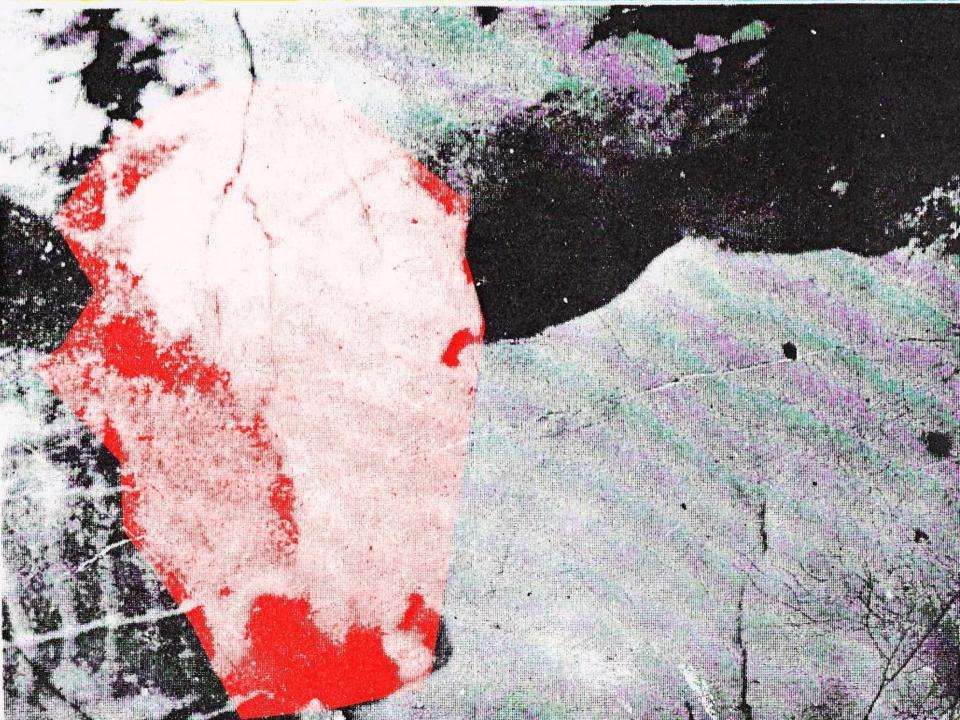
- Anoxia or Hypoxia
- Periventricular leukomalacia (PVL)
- A variety of syndromes
- Accidents after birth
- oIntraventricular hemorrhage

Common Causes of CVI after birth

oAnoxia or Hypoxia
oMeningitis or encephalitis
oAccidents after birth
oMetabolic conditions

OPINIONS DIFFER ON WHEN IT IS NOT LONGER CVI but CEREBRAL VISUAL IMPAIRMENT





There is new research....

- Previous research by Dr. Jan et al (1980s 1990's) creates "cortical visual impairment"
- 1990s, Mary Morse notes specific dysfunctions in vision (facial agnosia)
- 2000's Christine Roman documents specific visual behaviors, and improvement after intervention

Some Typical **CVI Behavioral Characteristics** oStrong preferences for one color (often yellow or red) •Seeing moving things better than stationary things •Needing extra time to look at something (visual latency)

Some Typical **CVI Behavioral Characteristics** •May have great difficulty with visual complexity (this can mean a hard time looking at faces, a hard time looking at complicated patterns instead of simple ones, a hard time attending in clutter, may not be able to listen and look together)

Some Typical CVI Behavioral Characteristics Distracted by lights, and looking at them to the exclusion of other things **oOnly seeing things in certain fields** (only on the left, etc) oOnly seeing things that are near to them even though they do not have nearsightedness

Some Typical CVI Behavioral Characteristics

- oMay not blink to touch or to visual "threat"
- •May only attend to familiar things

•May not be able to maintain gaze on an object while they reach towards it

GOOD NEWS!

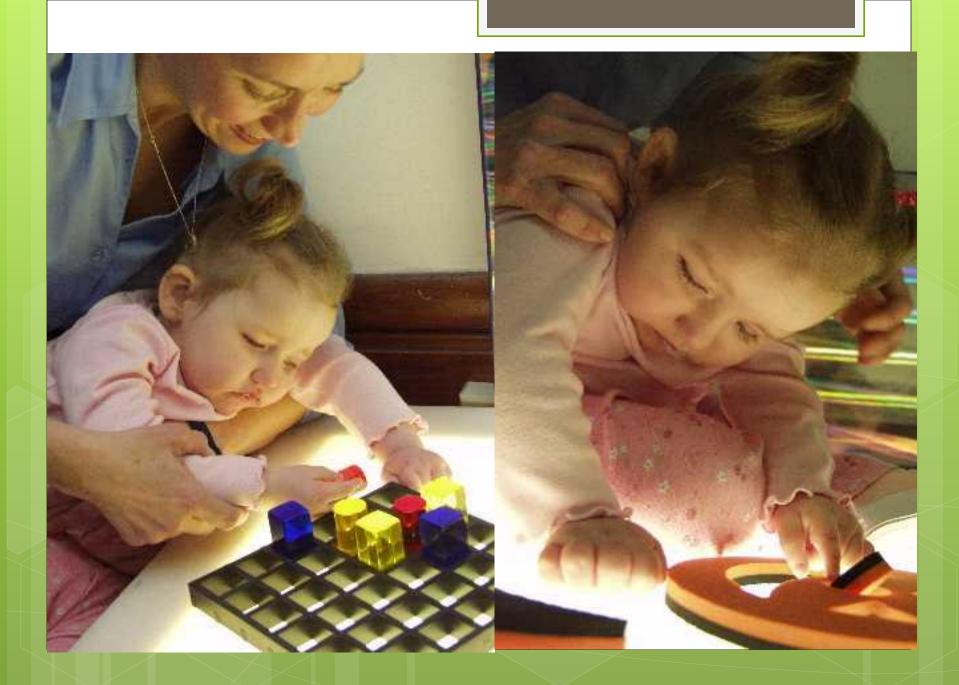
Visual behaviors can improve over time with structured activities and environmental accommodations

How can we adapt?

- APH Lightbox
- oiPad and specific apps
- Household materials used to highlight and modify everyday items
- Changes in timing, location, backgrounds, and participants if possible

LIGHT BOX





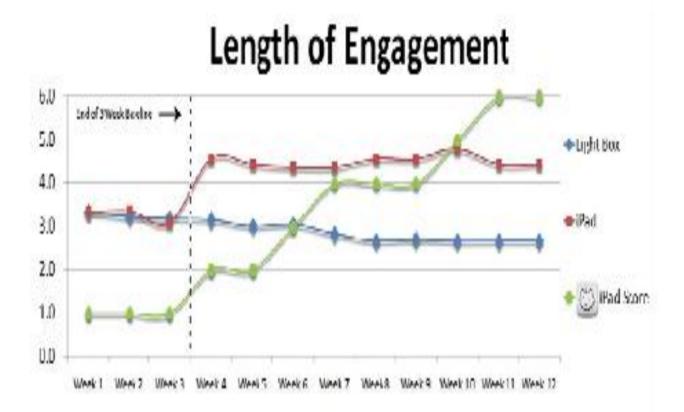
Functional Use of Lightbox

- Research shows passive looking leads to passive behavior
- Want to find ways for lightbox use to be interactive
- o "50 Ways to Use a Lightbox"
- Let's brainstorm on ways light and lightboxes might be used during routines

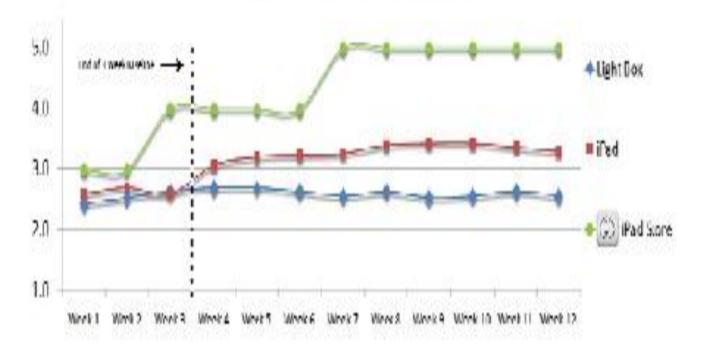
iPads: Research Supporting iPads for CVI **COURTESY of BRENDA JAGER** brightly lit background/screen -bright colors -unlimited forms and pictures -interactivity -software that responds to the child's actions. -the ability for the child to control starting and stopping -possibilities for children who do not have reach and grasp <u>http://www.cadbs.org/news/gloria-the-ipad-and-apps-for-children-with-cvi/</u>

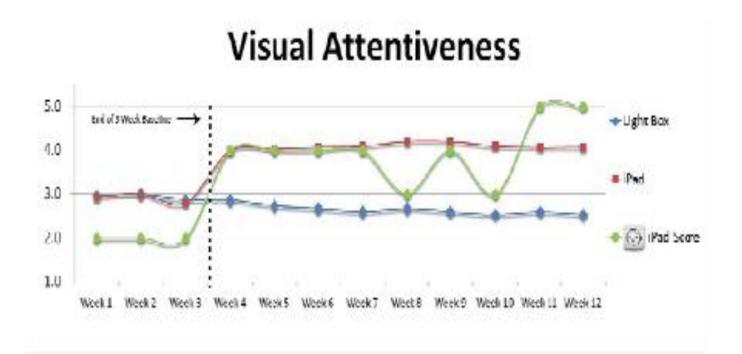
Jr. Blind's Research http://www.juniorblind.org/ site/iecp-test-presentation

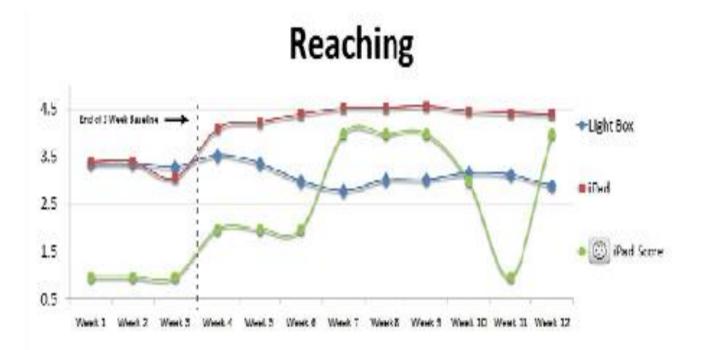
o investigated the use of the iPad as a means to strengthen or initiate visual engagement, parental interactions, communication, visual attentiveness, reaching and/or activation with the children with visual impairments and/or multiple disabilities.



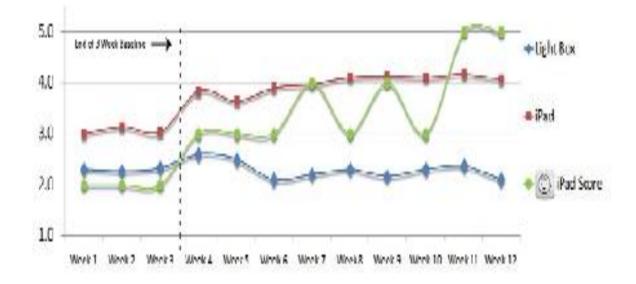
Communication







Activation



Applications used in the in the study:

- Art of Glow
- o Awesome
- Baby Finger HD
- o Baby's Musical Hands
- o Bubble's Magic
- o The Cat in the Hat
- o Cosmic Top
- Fireworks Arcade
- First Words: Toddler Touch and Say

- Kids' Song Machine
- Little Bella's I
 Close My Eyes
- o Infant Arcade
- Magical Images Imagine
- o Paint Sparkles
- o Peekaboo HD
- o Rainbow Pad
- Shapes Toddler
- Wheels on the Bus HD

Does everything have to plug in to be helpful? No! We can also use oHousehold materials used to highlight and modify everyday items oChanges in positioning, timing, and location, if possible

Can we make what we have shiny, yellow, red....

- oAluminum foil (shiny mimics
 movement!)
- •Mylar wrapping paper
- •Colored or patterned shelf liner
- oPaint or magic markers

Can we make what we have shiny, yellow, red....

•Outline visual target with preferred color or pattern (this includes letters and pictures!) If we buy can buy new, can we get...

oCups, plates, placemats in preferred colors? oTowels or bath toys in preferred colors or patterns? oPlain blankets instead of busy ones?

What about positioning? •Have windows, lights and fans behind children

oPlace items at eye level, in preferred field

 Only use one thing at a time, not positioning too many things too close together

What about positioning?

•Consider screens to block out unneeded information (Cover calendar when it is done, cover play areas not being offered, cover pictures that are not essential to the story...)

 Consider a student's position within a group to take advantage of preferred visual fields

What about timing? •Give children plenty of time to look!

olf new units are coming up, give then a grace period with objects BEFORE the new unit, so they become more familiar What about location? •When new content is being taught, perhaps have smaller, quieter groups •Do not expect visual attention in noisy, active locations – convey information in other ways

Let's apply what we know oGet into groups oChoose a case study (age $2\frac{1}{2}$ or $4\frac{1}{2}$) OR think about a child you know. •Select a few challenges the child has, and then think of some things to try

• <u>http://www.aph.org/cvi/</u>



What's New? What is CVI? Articles & Videos Shared Stories Sample Goals & Reports Environmental Supports Intervention Strategies Presentations & Workshops **CVI Products** Advocacy & Resources Research Feature Presentation APH Home Contact Us



Welcome to the APH CVI Website

"Due to improved medical care, children with severe brain insults have increasingly begun

to survive over the last 30 years. The vast majority have tended to have severe multiple disabilities, including a variety of learning difficulties. A minority of them also has permanent visual loss, but normal or minimally abnormal eye examinations.

 <u>http://wvde.state.wv.us/osp/vi/cvi/basicunderstand</u> <u>ing.html</u>

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Cortical Visual Impairment (CVI): A Basic Understanding

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Overview of CVI

(44 minutes) Kathy Quesenberry, a West Virginia CVI Mentor, presents basic information about CVI

Presentation

Video

Characteristics of CVI

(150 minutes) Each of the ten characteristics of CVI are discussed.

Presentation

Video

• <u>http://documents.nationaldb.org/produc</u> <u>ts/TeamApproachtoCVI.pdf</u>

A TEAM APPROACH TO CORTICAL VISUAL IMPAIRMENT (CVI) IN SCHOOLS

Donna Shaman, MOT

http://www.littlebearsees.org/what-iscvi/



Iittle Bear Sees

Helping visually impaired children learn to see

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oQuestions????